Newton Tony Primary School CE VC

Understanding The World- Skills And Knowledge Progression From Reception To Key Stage 1

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

reading comprehension.						
Links to	Hedgehogs	How	Suggested texts	Vocabulary	Key knowledge	Foxes Year 1/2
KS1 Geography	Show interest in globes, atlases and world maps, talking about what they see. Name "Newton Tony" as the village where our school is located and identify neighbouring villages/towns. Know that we live in England. Recognise similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them	Term 1 Shoe boxes from home- discussing where we were born and where our extended family live using world maps/globes for support. Explore the school, where are the different rooms in relation to one another. What happens in each room? Explore the school grounds, look at features of our school environment- follow zoomed in photo clues to find vegetables Evil Pea has kidnapped. We're going on a super villain hunt-drawing maps of route around school. Autumn trees around our school Autumn display created by children as home-learning. Explore harvest time in the UK and farming at harvest time. Observe and explain decomposition of pumpkins Ice investigation- how to get frozen items from the ice Term 2 How do my family celebrate Christmas?	Diwali A FIRST BOOK Minds David NATURE GIRLS	Town, village, road, house, world, globe, earth, country, map, hot, sunny, cold, rain, snow, autumn, Winter, spring, summer, weather, mountain, hill, beach, countryside weather, seasons, map, place, local, globe, world, path, road, people, park, house, shop, farm, city, capital city, sea	By the end of reception, children will know: Local: I know where I live I know the church, River and grass field are features of Newton Tony I know the name of my school and can say some of the things I pass on my way to school. I know that rabbits, red kites, squirrels and cows live around us I know lavender, lemon balm and mint grow in our outdoor area I can name raspberry bush, willow tree and strawberry plant. Further afield: I know bananas grow on trees, tomatoes grow on plants, raspberries grow on bushes and potatoes grow underground. I know polar bears live in Antarctica,	To know the name of the country they live in. To know that they live in the continent of Europe. To know that different parts of the UK often experience different weather. To know that a continent is a group of countries. To know the name of two continents (Europe and Asia). To know that an ocean is a large body of water. To know the name of two of the world's oceans (Atlantic Ocean and Pacific Ocean). To know that the UK is short for 'United Kingdom'. To know that a country is a land or nation with its own government. To know that the United Kingdom is made up of four countries and their names.

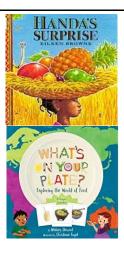
Explore the natural world around them and make observations

Draw information from a simple map, follow maps and begin to draw our own maps Christmas around the world
Father Christmas' journey
around the world
Make maps of our homes for
Father Christmas to bring in
our presents
Diwali- Explore festival
origins/celebrations across the
world, using a world
map/globe.
Guru Nanak- Explore festival
origins/celebrations across
the world, using a world

map/globe.

Term 3 Using iPad to research different bears around the world Tree rubbings from local 'forest' Create a 3D map of the journey Hansel and Gretel took, use BeeBots to navigate Walk around the village, what animals might LRRH see on her journey-features of the environment. Look at where veg comes from when making fruit and veg pictures

Term 4
Growing seeds, naming vegetables-link to where other fruit and vegetables are from.
Signs of spring
Trees in spring
Snack names in Spanish-where is Spain?







Elephants are from either India or Africa and Black bears are from North America

- I know that London is the capital of England.
- I know that London has more buildings than Newton tony because it is much bigger than our village
- I know water is shown as blue on the map or globe.
- I know leaves turn red in autumn.
- I know blossom grows in spring
- I know there are leaves on trees in summer
- I know some trees are bare in winter.
- I know it is cold in winter
- I know it is hotter in summer
- I know that harvest is when farmers collect in their crops
- I know we celebrate harvest festival to show thank for our food

To know that life elsewhere in the world is often different to ours.

To know that life elsewhere in the world often has similarities to ours.

To know that an aerial photograph is a photograph taken from the air above.

To know that atlases give information about the world and that a

place.
To know that a map is a picture of a place, usually drawn from

information about a

map tells us

above.
To know that symbols are often used on maps to represent features.
To know some vocabulary to describe different bodies of water, even if used inaccurately (sea/ocean, lake, river, pond)
To know simple directional language

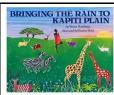
(e.g near, far, up, down, left, right, forwards, backwards). To know what a sketch map is.
To know some

vocabulary to describe the characteristics of different places, even if Easter-compare Newton Tony to Jerusalem

Term 5
Life cycles of butterfliescompare with butterflies
around the world
Fairy gardens and fairy maps
Start of Ramadan
Eid
D-Day
Plant out seeds-British gardens
Gardening in outdoor area
Where does the King livecompare to our village

Term 6 Colours in Ukrainian-where is Ukraine Rainbows-weather around the world Elmer's map through the jungle. Jungles around the world Red sea-compare with local sea. World Environment Day Our holidays in the past Investigate elephants around the world Where have we been on holiday? How is it different to where we live? Atlases, globes and maps available in provision. Adults model how to use them, ask questions and discuss thoughts Local visits eg church, Wiltshire wildlife walk. Talk about the different villages and towns we come

from.



used inaccurately (hill, field, building, road, house, old). To know that physical features means any feature of an area that is on the Earth naturally. To know that human features means any feature of an area that was made or built by humans To know that the terms Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter are used to describe the season. To know some of the key characteristics of each season. To know that there are four seasons in a year marked by certain weather conditions. To know the four seasons of the UK. To know that 'weather' refers to the conditions outside at a particular time. To know that a weather forecast is when someone tries to predict what the weather will be like in the near future. To know that weather

conditions can be

measured and

recorded.

Look at road signs when		
walking to church		
Stories/NF books – talk about		
where animals live, countries,		
different environments,		
climates.		
Books in continuous provision.		
Find countries where parents		
in military are currently		
serving.		
Discussing where our food		
comes from- snack time,		
baking etc.		
Watch video clips, read stories		
about life in other countries		
(avoid stereotypes).		
Weather- noticing, observing,		
discussing		
Newton Tony as a village in		
England (country). Locating		
our village and other places		
that are important to us on a		
map (where we live, holidays,		
where our family live)		
Making signs to follow,		
making our own symbols		
Look at, observe and discuss		
animals seen in local		
environment. Observing,		
drawing, discussing, naming		
flowers, plants.		

Links to KS1 History

Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past

To know some ways in which life was different when our grandparents/parents were children

Comment on images of familiar situations in the past
To identify some things that happened in the past

Have an understanding of Kings and Queens as rulers. Know who our King is. Talk about members of family and community

Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways Term 1
Shoe boxes from home-me and my family
Listen and discuss-who is part of my family
Draw photos of family
Real life superheroes
Nurse visit
What will I be I grow up?
Draw members of our immediate family in charcoal. Discuss why they are super.

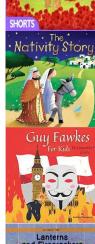
Term 2
Gunpowder plot
Soldiers uniform now vs
the past
Remembrance Day
Diwali
Guru Nanak birthday
Our family Christmas
traditions
Nativity

Term 3
Chinese New Year
Dentist visit
African dance and
drumming workshop
children's mental health
week
International Day of
women and Girls in
science

Term 4
Food when I was young
How have I changed?
Mother's day
Easter service

Term 5 King Charles study King's coronation Photos of previous coronation









Past, present, future, First, next, then Queen, king, ruler, palace, castle, London

A long time ago same/different change people lives history artefact past/now modern old new order compare

Community,
village, town,
Firefighter, police
officer, job,
(names of other
jobs in the
community)

Celebrate, festival, religion, Muslim, Christian, birthday, Christmas,

- I can discuss who the important people in my family are: parents, siblings, grandparents and pets.
- I know that my Grandparents are my Mum and Dad's parents.
- I know that things have changed since my Mum and Dad were little.
- I know that as I get older I can use a knife and fork, run faster and toilet myself
- I can talk about how my family celebrates Christmas.
- I can discuss what I did and saw if/when I have visited London
- I know that nurses care for sick people, the police protect us and fire services put out fires and attend car crashes and disasters.
- I know that Hansel and Gretel, Little Red Riding Hood and Goldilocks are stories that have been around for a long time and that Supertato, Superworm and Harry saves the Ocean are new.
- I know what a phone and typewriter from the past look like and can show how they are used.
- I know Guy Fawkes tried to blow up the people in charge (parliament) and Queen Elizabeth is King Charles mother
- I know King Charles lives in London
- I know Bonfire Night is the celebration of a failed attack of the Houses of Parliament
- I know people wear poppies to remember the fallen soldiers
- I know that families celebrate in different ways
- I know some celebrations / festivals and can say why they are celebrated:

To know that a timeline shows the order events in the past happened To know that we start by looking at 'now' on a timeline then look back. To know that 'the past' is events that have already happened. To know that 'the present' is time happening now. To know that within living memory is 100 years. To know that beyond living memory is more than 100 years ago.

To know that a monarch in the UK is a king or queen.
To begin to understand that power is exercised in different ways in different culture, times and groups e.g.

monarchy.

To know that Britain was organised into kingdoms and these were governed by monarchs. To know some inventions that still influence their own lives today (e.g. toys – the invention of the teddy bear, electronic toys etc.) To know some achievements and discoveries of significant individuals (e.g. explorers). To know that people

change as they grow

older.

Watch video of Queen Elizabeth's coronation Ramadan Eid D-day

Term 6 Seaside holidays in the past My holidays Grandparents holidays Father's day Anniversary of NHS Additional Visits from local people-Rev Peter, army, firefighters, police, family members, nurse, dentist Visits from members of school communityparents and children from non-Christian families Class time line Artefacts introduced each term Little people, big dreams books, video clips- relating to people children show interest in or people relevant to current learning. Talk about time line and how long ago people lived. Termly artist study- what was their life like? Talk about how things have changed in our lifetime/year- seasons, new babies, haircuts, skills Look back over the changes during their first year in school. Create a photographic timeline, showing the things that they can do at the start of the year.



- I know Jesus was born at Christmas
- I know Jesus died at Easter
- I know Diwali is the Festival of Light
- Christmas
- I know Chinese New Year celebrates the start of the Lunar New Year
- I can talk about how the tree in our playground has changed with the season-
 - Leaves fall off it in autumn
 - o It is bare in winter
 - it gets blossom in spring
 - the leaves are green in summer

To know that throughout someone's lifetime, some things will change and some things will stay the same.

To know that everyday objects have changed over time To know that everyday objects have changed as new materials have been invented. To know that there are similarities and differences between their lives today and their lives in the past. To know some similarities and differences between the past and their own lives.

in different ways.

To know that everyday objects have similarities and differences with those used for the same purpose in the past Learn about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have

contributed to national

To know that people

celebrate special events

achievement.
The Wright brothers
Mary Kingsley
Amelia Earhart
Dame Ellen MacArthur

and international

William the Conqueror Learning in EYFS links to KS1 learning in RErespect and acceptance of other beliefs and

Edward the Confessor

cultures

Links to KS1 Science Name basic body parts (Physical) Know and talk about the different factors that supports their overall health and wellbeing

Know the names of some baby animals

Talk about seasonal change and change in the weather

Explore different materials, developing ideas about how to use them

Use language leaf, stem, flower, roots when talking about plants

Identify some familiar plants growing in our outdoor area

Identify and name animals that they and their peers are interested in

Begin to identify some animal groups: fish, insect, mammal Term 1
My family-discuss body
and face names. Who do
they look like?
Frozen ice experiment-Mr
Freeze
Harvest time
Autumn tree
Autumn treasure display

Term 2 What is it like in the North Pole? Winter tree

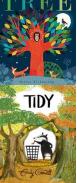
Term 3
Ipads and research bears
around the world
Tree rubbings
Local area walk
Local wildlife
Dentist visit

Term 4
Growing seeds
Gingerbread men in
different solutions
Floating sinking
experiment
Spring tree
Spring flowers around our
school
Science week

Term 5
Life cycle of butterfly
Name plants and flowers
in fairy garden
Investigate worms
Gardening in outdoor
area
Insect names in Spanish

Term 6
Observe and make rainbows
Dead sea-discuss salty water
Healthy eating week











Working scientifically look closely, observe, watch, touch, feel, smell, listen, same, different, compare, ask questions, record, sort, group

Plants plant, leaf, stem, branch, root, bark, flower, petal, seed, berry, fruit, vegetable, bulb, hole, dig, water, weed, grow, shoot, die, dead, soil, names of plants they grow, tree, bush, herb, names of plants they see

Living things and their habitats See Plants

animal, names of plants and animals they see, name of a contrasting environment (e.g. beach, forest)

Animals, including humans egg, chick, bird, caterpillar, cocoon, chrysalis, butterfly, frog spawn, tadpole, froglet, frog, grow, change, die, names of animals and their young, fur, feathers, scales, tail, wings, beak, claws, paws, hooves, swim, walk, run, jump, fly, patterns, spots, stripes, grow, change, baby, toddler, child, adult, old person, smell, taste, touch, feel, hear, see, blind, deaf

names of animals, live, on land, in water, jungle, desert, North Pole, South Pole, sea, hot, cold, wet, dry, snow, ice, hair (e.g. black, brown, dark, light, blonde, ginger, grey, white, long, short, straight, curly), eyes (e.g. blue, brown, green, grey), skin

Knowledge:

- I know the difference between animals and plants.
- I know that plants die if they don't have enough water
- I can identify a leaf, stem, flower, roots on a plant
- I know that raspberries grow on bushes, apples grow on trees and carrots and potatoes grow under the ground.
- I know the names of the four seasons.
- I know it is cold in winter and hotter in summer.
- I know leaves turn red in autumn.
- I know blossom grows in spring
- I know there are leaves on trees in summer
- I know some trees are bare in winter.
- I can name badger, squirrel, hedgehog and fox from our country and polar bear from Antarctica, elephants from India and Africa and wolves from China.
- I know that owls, hedgehogs and foxes sleep during the day.
- I know bears and hedgehogs hibernate during winter
- I know that a tadpole becomes a frog and a caterpillar becomes a butterfly.

To know a variety of common plants, and how they differ.

To know that deciduous trees lose their leaves seasonally, but evergreen trees do not.

To know the basic structure (including leaves, flowers (blossom), petals, fruit, roots, bulb, seed, trunk, branches, stem) of a variety of common plants, including flowering plants and trees.

To know that seeds and bulbs grow into seedlings by producing roots and shoots.

To know that seedlings grow into mature plants by developing parts, that may include stems/trunks, leaves, flowers and fruits. To know that seeds need water to germinate.

To know that plants need water, light and a suitable temperature for growth and health.

To know the difference

between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive, using some of the life processes.

To name a variety of habitats, including woodland, ocean, rainforest and seashore. To know that a habitat is the environment where an animal or plant lives/ grows, because it provides what they need to survive. To know that a microhabitat is a very small

World Environment Day Harvest crops Visit to farm

Ongoing Body books in reading area Action rhymes and games

Prepare snack, help choose healthy food for snack, Talk about how to be healthy in our everyday routines

Opportunities to observe and find plants- walks in the village, growing plants in our outdoor area, planting

Children help to choose plants to grow, label them, harvest produce.

Pick strawberries and raspberries from outdoor areas. Use herbs growing in mud kitchen

Talk about plants/herbs we use in the mud kitchen Encourage children to share their knowledge of animals with each other. Range of small world animals and books in the classroom. Introduce new animals as appropriate.

Small world animals, stories





(e.g. black, brown, white), big/tall, small/short, bigger/smaller, baby, toddler, child, adult, old person, old, young, brother, sister, mother, father, aunt, uncle, grandmother, grandfather, cousin, friend, family, boy, girl, man, woman

Seasonal changes spring, summer, autumn, winter, seasons, sunny, cloudy, hot, warm, cold, shower, raining, storm, thunder, lightning, hail, sleet, snow, icy, frost, puddles, windy, rainbow, animals, young, plants, flowers

Materials icicle, ice, water, frozen snow, melt, wet, cold, slippery, smooth, big, bigger, biggest, smaller, smaller, smaller, smallest, hard, soft, bendy, rigid, wood, plastic, paper, card, metal, strong, weak, hot, apply heat, waterproof, soggy, not waterproof, best, change, change back

<u>Light</u> **Sun**, sunny, **light**, **shadow**, shady, **clouds**, **torch**, see-through, not see-through, source, light source

<u>Forces</u> float, sink, up, down, top, bottom, surface, move, roll, drop, fly, turn, spin, fall, fast, slow, faster, slower, fastest, slowest, further, furthest, wind, air, water, blow, bounce

Sound **sound**, **noise**, **listen**, **hear**, music, voices, bird song, traffic, sirens, thunder,

- I can identify a woodlouse, centipede, worm, ladybird, caterpillar and butterfly.
- I know apples, tomatoes and broccoli are healthy and crisps, chocolate and pastries are unhealthy
- I know we brush our teeth to get rid of plaque
- I know how to use the toilet.
- I know how to get myself dressed.
- I can identify my head, shoulders, knees and toes as well as eyes, ears, mouth and nose
- I can discuss the people in my family are: parents, siblings, grandparents and pets.
- I know that plastic bottles and yoghurt pots float and coins, marbles and bricks sink.
- I know that woolly hats keep us warm in cold weather and
- I know that my actions affect the world.
- I know that ice melts when it gets hot.
- I know that water turns into ice when it gets cold and freezes.
- I know that a plant needs light, soil and water to grow.

abitat (e.g. stones, logs and leaf litter). To know that living things depend upon each other (e.g. for food, shelter.) To understand that a food chain can be used to show how animals obtain food from eating either plants and/or other animals. To understand how living things change, and that animals have offspring that grow into adults. To know which offspring comes from which parent animal.

To know the stages in some animal life cycles. To know the main body parts of common animals (arms, legs, wings, tails, fins, head, trunk, horns/tusks, shell)
To know that a herbivore is an animal that eats only plants and to give some examples. To know that an omnivore is an animal that eats both animals and plants, and to give some examples.
To know that animals.

To know that animals, including humans, need water, food and air to survive.

To understand the importance of exercise, a balanced diet and hygiene for humans.

To begin to understand some of the life processes, including movement, reproduction, sensitivity, growth, excretion and nutrition.

To know key parts of the human body (including

Search for rainbows when	high, low, loud, quiet, soft, volume,	head, neck, arms, elbows,
it rains/sunny.	crackle, thunder, hum, buzz, roar	legs, knees, face, ears,
Reduce, recycle, reuse	crackie, tilulidel, fluill, buzz, foal	eyes, hair, mouth, teeth).
song.		To know the five main
		senses: sight, smell,
A range of materials are		hearing, taste and touch.
available for various uses		To know that eyes are
craft, building, den		used for sight, the nose is
making, costumes		used for smell, ears are
Nursery rhymes and songs		used for hearing, the
ival set y mymes and songs		tongue and mouth are
		used for taste and the skin
		is used for touch.
		To know that a carnivore is
		an animal that eats other
		animals and to give some
		examples.
		To know that objects are
		items or things.
		To know that a material is
		what an object is made
		from.
		To identify and name a
		variety of everyday
		materials, including wood,
		plastic, glass, metal, water
		and rock.
		To know why objects are
		made from particular
		materials and to give
		examples of their
		suitability.
		To know that one material
		can be used for a range of
		purposes (and to give
		examples.)
		To know that different
		materials can be used for
		the same purpose (and to
		give examples.)
		To know why certain
		materials are unsuitable
		for particular objects.
		o know that a force must
		be applied to change the
		shape of a solid object.

to change shape.							To know that solid objects can be squashed, bent, twisted or stretched. To know that different solid objects may take a different amount of force
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